## AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 23, 2008 AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 12, 2008

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007—08 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2850

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Villines**

February 22, 2008

An act to amend Sections 62031, 62032, 62704, 62705, 62706, 62707.1, 62714, 62716, and 62717 of, and to add Sections 62033 and 62717.5 to, the Food and Agricultural Code, relating to milk.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2850, as amended, Villines. Market milk: stabilization and marketing plans: equalization pools: amendments: hearings.

Existing law generally requires the Secretary of Food and Agriculture to conduct a public hearing, as provided, prior to the formulation of a stabilization and marketing plan for market milk for any marketing area. The secretary is authorized to amend or terminate any stabilization and marketing plan, after notice and public hearing, as provided, if he or she makes a certain finding.

This bill would require the secretary, in deciding whether to amend the stabilization and marketing plan, to consider all relevant evidence and data submitted by any petitioner, interested party, or state agency in the hearing proceeding. The bill would require the secretary, in making this decision, to use only the relevant evidence and data submitted during the hearing and would require the decision to be supported by that relevant evidence and data submitted. This bill would also require the secretary, upon request, to make available all data and analyses to a party to the hearing for the party to use to evaluate the

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proposed amendment, to develop an alternative proposal, or to prepare testimony, as specified. This bill would specify the procedure for the publication of a tentative decision and a final decision within a certain time period after the hearing, as specified.

Existing law authorizes the secretary to develop a proposed milk pooling plan and to designate the proposed areas in which the plan will be made effective and requires the secretary to hold public hearings, as provided, after the secretary has formulated the proposed plan. The secretary is authorized to amend the pooling plan after notice and public hearing, as provided, if the secretary makes a certain finding.

This bill would require the secretary, in deciding whether to amend the milk pooling plan, to consider all relevant evidence and data submitted by any petitioner, interested party, or state agency in the hearing proceeding. The bill would require the secretary, in making this decision, to use only the relevant evidence and data submitted during the hearing and would require the decision to be supported by that relevant evidence and data submitted. This bill would also require the secretary, upon request, to make available all data and analyses to a party to the hearing for the party to use to evaluate the proposed amendment, to develop an alternative proposal, or to prepare testimony, as specified. This bill would specify the procedure for the publication of a tentative decision and a final decision within a certain time period after the hearing, as specified.

This bill would also make various technical, nonsubstantive changes. Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 62031 of the Food and Agricultural Code 2 is amended to read:
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  62031. The secretary may amend or terminate any stabilization
- 4 and marketing plan, after notice and public hearing as prescribed
- 5 in Article 7 (commencing with Section 61991), if he or she finds
- 6 that the plan is no longer in conformity with the standards which
- 7 are prescribed in, or will not tend to effectuate the purposes of,
- 8 this chapter. Any order under this article amending or terminating
- 9 any stabilization and marketing plan shall be subject to Section
- 10 61996.

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SEC. 2. Section 62032 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:

62032. A hearing on the amendment or termination of a stabilization and marketing plan may be held upon the motion of the secretary and shall be held upon receipt of a petition that is signed by producers, or by the board of directors of any nonprofit agricultural cooperative marketing association which is authorized by its members to so petition. The petition shall represent not less than 55 percent of the total number of all producers and not less than 55 percent of the total production of all producers that are eligible to petition the secretary for the formulation of such a plan.

SEC. 3. Section 62033 is added to the Food and Agricultural Code, to read:

- 62033. (a) Additional procedures that govern the process of a hearing noticed under this article and Article 7 (commencing with Section 61991) are found in Article 1 (commencing with Section 2080.2) of Subchapter 3 of Chapter 3 of Division 3 of Title 3 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (b) In deciding whether to amend the stabilization and marketing plan, the secretary shall consider all relevant evidence and data submitted by any petitioner to the hearing proceeding, all relevant evidence and data submitted by any interested person to the hearing proceeding, or by any agency of the state in addition to the department as submitted during the hearing proceeding.
- (c) In making a decision concerning an amendment to the stabilization and marketing plan, the secretary shall use only that relevant evidence and data submitted during the hearing process and the decision shall be supported by the relevant evidence and data submitted.
- (d) (1) (A) The secretary shall, at the written request of any interested party, provide and make available data, analyses in order to permit the requesting party to evaluate any proposal for amendment of or change to a stabilization and marketing plan, to develop alternative proposals and to prepare testimony and other evidence at the hearing. A request shall not be denied by the secretary on either of the following grounds:
- (i) Providing the requested data or analyses may require a compilation or extraction of data; however, purely proprietary information need not be provided or disclosed.
  - (ii) The secretary considers the request to be irrelevant.

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(B) The secretary shall not develop, present, or introduce false or misleading financial or other material or information, or financial information that violates generally accepted accounting practices and principles.

(2) Within 52 days of the expiration of the period established for the filing of posthearing briefs, the secretary shall issue, publish, and provide copies of a written tentative decision on the matters embraced in the hearing to all parties who participated in the hearing. Any party that participated in the hearing may, no later than seven days after publication of the tentative decision, file with the hearing officer comments or objections to the tentative decision, which shall be considered by the secretary before rendering a final decision. The secretary shall issue and publish a final decision within 62 days after the expiration of the period for filing posthearing briefs.

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- (2) The secretary is directed to meet and consult with representative producers, consumers, and other interested parties to develop further standard procedures and principles to govern the hearings to ensure that all relevant data and evidence is made available to all parties participating in the hearing and that the procedural due process rights of all parties are protected.
- SEC. 4. Section 62704 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:

62704. The secretary is authorized to develop a proposed pooling plan and to designate the proposed areas in which the plan will be made effective. The secretary shall appoint fluid milk producers, and representatives of producers, to be the members and alternate members of a formulation committee, reasonably representative of all producers and areas to be included in the proposed pooling plan, which committee shall advise and assist the secretary in the establishment of the proposed pooling plan area and in the formulation of the proposed pooling plan. The pooling plan shall include all areas covered by stabilization and marketing plans under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 61801), except any relatively isolated region of the state may be excluded therefrom, if the secretary, after a public hearing, finds that the inclusion of the region is not practical or in conformity with the purposes of the pooling plan, or if he or she finds that the

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producers in the relatively isolated region do not desire to be a part of either their own or one of the pools.

SEC. 5. Section 62705 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:

62705. After the secretary, with the advice and assistance of the formulation committee, has formulated the proposed plan, he or she shall hold one or more public hearings in each proposed pooling area to be affected by the proposed plan for the purposes of considering modification of the proposed boundaries and formulating the pooling plan which will best accomplish the purposes of this chapter. Notice of the public hearings shall be given to each producer, including each member of cooperative marketing associations, who ships fluid milk to a distributor and to each distributor who receives fluid milk from producers. The procedures for the giving of notice and the conducting of the hearings shall be the same as those provided in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 61801) for public hearings on stabilization and marketing plans.

SEC. 6. Section 62706 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:

62706. The pooling plan shall prescribe the pooling area to be covered by each pool. Any such pooling area shall mean and include a large sales and consuming center together with all intermediate and secondary cities, towns, and rural areas, which depend upon and receive their fluid milk supplies from a common producing and supply area, and including the fluid milk producers who produce fluid milk for such sales and consuming area, and including the fluid milk processing plants which receive, process, or distribute the fluid milk supplies for such an area.

In establishing pool areas, the secretary shall take into consideration the fact that some producers and processors may produce, or process and distribute, respectively, fluid milk for more than one pool area and therefore may qualify for inclusion and participation in more than one pool. Producers who so qualify for participation in more than one pool shall be permitted to do so on the basis of the proportions of their shipments of fluid milk to each pool area.

SEC. 7. Section 62707.1 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:

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62707.1. (a) The secretary, on July 1, 1978, shall issue new pool quota sufficient to bring all holders of production base and pool quota as of that date (excluding any production base and pool quota issued pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 62707), to the equalization point both on the fat and the solids-not-fat components.

- (b) Subsequent to July 1, 1978, all allocations of new class 1 usage determined under subdivision (e) of Section 62707, shall be made as follows:
- (1) Forty percent to producers whose total production base and pool quota are below the equalization point, to be allocated according to provisions adopted by the secretary in the applicable pooling plan.
- (2) Forty percent to producers whose total production base and pool quota are equal to or above the equalization point, this allocation to each such producer to be in the same ratio to the total allocation under this subdivision as that producer's total holdings of quota bears to the total quota holdings of all equalized producers.
- (3) The remaining 20 percent shall be utilized for new producer allocations under subdivision (f) of Section 62707, according to the provisions in the then applicable pooling plan.

The terms "total production and pool quota" and "total quota" shall, for the purposes of this subdivision, include allocations of production base and pool quota issued pursuant to subdivision (f) of Section 62707.

- SEC. 8. Section 62714 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:
- 62714. After the secretary has established pools, each distributor shall report to the secretary the total receipts from the producers that are shipping to the distributor and the class 1, class 2, class 3, class 4a, and class 4b usage of the distributor and any other information determined by the secretary as necessary to carry out the operation of the pool.

The secretary shall have access to, and may enter during business hours, the premises of any distributor, handler, or producer, or any place where the books, papers, records, or documents pertaining to any transaction which relates to the acquisition or disposition of milk are kept. The secretary may inspect and copy these books, papers, records, or documents in any place within the state.

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SEC. 9. Section 62716 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:

62716. Following the required hearing, the secretary shall submit the pooling plan to producers concerned for their approval or disapproval in a statewide referendum.

The approval or disapproval of individual producers voting in this referendum shall be kept confidential.

Each producer shall have one vote and such vote shall be individually cast so that there will be no block voting. The secretary shall prepare a ballot. The ballot form shall be substantially as follows:

**Ballot** 14 Shall the proposed pooling plan be made effective? 16 Yes \_\_\_\_ No

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In addition, the ballot shall include a statement of the voter's total production during the calendar month next preceding the month of the commencement of the referendum period, where and to whom such production was sold or otherwise disposed, and the producer's name and address.

The secretary may reveal the names of producers whose votes have been received to both proponents and opponents of the plan.

The referendum shall be set for a period of 60 days. The secretary may at his or her own discretion or upon a proper showing, extend the referendum for a period not to exceed 30 days.

- SEC. 10. Section 62717 of the Food and Agricultural Code is amended to read:
- 62717. If the secretary finds that producers on a statewide basis have assented in writing to the proposed pooling plan submitted to them for assent, the secretary shall place the proposed pooling plan into effect. The secretary shall find that producers have assented to the plan if he or she finds on a statewide basis that not less than 51 percent of the total number of eligible producers in the state shall have voted in the referendum and finds one of the following:
- (a) Sixty-five percent or more of the total number of eligible producers who voted in the referendum who produced 51 percent or more of the total amount of fluid milk produced in the state

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during the calendar month next preceding the month of the commencement of the referendum period by all producers who voted in the referendum approve the plan.

(b) Fifty-one percent or more of the total number of eligible producers who voted in the referendum who produced 65 percent or more of the total amount of fluid milk produced in the state during the calendar month next preceding the month of the commencement of the referendum period by all producers who voted in the referendum approve the plan.

If the plan is not approved, the secretary may resubmit the plan, or submit a new plan, at any time after six months from the date the secretary announces the plan was not approved.

The secretary may amend the plan, after notice and public hearing has been given in the same manner as is provided in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 61801) for stabilization and marketing plans, if he or she finds that the amendment is necessary to effectuate the purposes of this chapter. After the hearing, the secretary, upon his or her own motion, may make nonsubstantive amendments to the plan. The secretary may make substantive amendments to the plan only if producers assent to the proposed amendments at a referendum conducted in the same manner and in the same number as provided for the referendum approving the pooling plan.

The secretary may terminate the plan on a statewide basis after notice and public hearing has been given in the same manner as is provided in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 61801) for stabilization and marketing plans, if he or she finds that the plan is no longer in conformity with the standards described in, or will not tend to effectuate the purposes of, this chapter. The hearing may be held upon the motion of the secretary, and shall be held upon receipt of a petition signed by producers representing not less than 25 percent of the total number of all producers and not less than 25 percent of the total production of all producers.

The secretary shall submit the termination of the plan on a statewide basis in a referendum conducted in the same manner as provided for initial approval of the plan if, after notice and public hearing has been given in the same manner as is provided in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 61801) for stabilization and marketing plans, he or she finds that a substantial question exists as to whether or not producers desire the plan to continue and shall

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submit the plan for termination upon receipt of a petition requesting termination signed by producers representing not less than 25 percent of the total number of all producers and not less than 25 percent of the total production of all producers. The plan shall be terminated if termination is favored by the same percentage of producers producing the same amount of fluid milk as required to initiate the plan.

- SEC. 11. Section 62717.5 is added to the Food and Agricultural Code, to read:
- 62717.5. (a) Additional procedures that govern the process of a hearing noticed under Sections 62705 and 62717 are found in Article 1 (commencing with Section 2080.2) of Subchapter 3 of Chapter 3 of Division 3 of Title 3 of the California Code of Regulations.
- (b) In deciding whether to amend the milk pooling plan, the secretary shall consider all relevant evidence and data submitted by any petitioner to the hearing proceeding, all relevant evidence and data submitted by any interested person to the hearing proceeding, or by any agency of the state in addition to the department as submitted during the hearing proceeding.
- (c) In making a decision concerning an amendment to the milk pooling plan, the secretary shall use only that relevant evidence and data submitted during the hearing process and the decision shall be supported by the relevant evidence and data submitted.
- (d) (1) (A) The secretary shall, at the written request of any interested party, provide and make available data, analyses, or both in order to permit the requesting party to evaluate any proposal for amendment to a milk pooling plan, to develop alternative proposals and to prepare testimony and other evidence at the hearing. A request shall not be denied by the secretary on either of the following grounds:
- (i) Providing the requested data or analyses may require a compilation or extraction of data; however, purely proprietary information need not be provided or disclosed.
  - (ii) The secretary considers the request to be irrelevant.
- (B) The secretary shall not develop, present, or introduce false or misleading financial or other material or information, or financial information that violates generally accepted accounting practices and principles.

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(2) Within 52 days of the expiration of the period established for the filing of posthearing briefs, the secretary shall issue, publish, and provide copies of a written tentative decision on the matters embraced in the hearing to all parties who participated in the hearing. Any party that participated in the hearing may, no later than seven days after publication of the tentative decision, file with the hearing officer comments or objections to the tentative decision, which shall be considered by the secretary before rendering a final decision. The secretary shall issue and publish a final decision within 62 days after the expiration of the period for filing posthearing briefs.

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